



Network Switch CLI Guide

Clock Commands

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Clock Commands

clock dhcp timezone

Syntax	clock dhcp timezone no clock dhcp timezone
Parameters	N/A.
Default Configuration	Disabled.
Command Mode	Global configuration mode.
Usage	To specify that the time zone and the Summer Time (Daylight Saving Time) of the system can be taken from the DHCP Time zone option, use the clock dhcp timezone command in Global Configuration mode. To restore the default configuration, use the no form of this command.
Example	switchxxxxxx(config)# clock dhcp timezone
User Guideline	<p>The TimeZone taken from the DHCP server has precedence over the staticTimeZone.</p> <p>The Summer Time taken from the DHCP server has precedence over static SummerTime.</p> <p>The TimeZone and SummerTime remain effective after the IP address lease time has expired.</p> <p>The TimeZone and SummerTime that are taken from the DHCP server are cleared after reboot.</p> <p>The no form of the command clears the dynamic Time Zone and Summer Time from the DHCP server are cleared.</p> <p>In case of multiple DHCP-enabled interfaces, the following precedence is applied: information received from DHCPv6 precedes information received from DHCPv4 information received from DHCP client running on lower interface precedes information received from DHCP client running on higher interface.</p> <p>Disabling the DHCP client from where the DHCP-TimeZone option was taken, clears the dynamic Time Zone and Summer Time configuration.</p>

clock set

Syntax	clock set hh:mm:ss {[day month] [month day]} year
Parameters	<p>hh:mm:ss—Specifies the current time in hours (military format), minutes, and seconds. (Range: hh: 0–23, mm: 0–59, ss: 0–59)</p> <p>day—Specifies the current day of the month. (Range: 1–31)</p> <p>month—Specifies the current month using the first three letters of the month name. (Range: Jan–Dec)</p> <p>year—Specifies the current year. (Range: 2000–2037)</p>
Default Configuration	The time of the image creation.
Command Mode	Privileged EXEC mode.
Usage	To set the system clock manually, use the clock set command in Privileged EXEC mode.
Example	<p>The following example sets the system time to 13:32:00 on March 7th, 2005.</p> <pre>switchxxxxx# clock set 13:32:00 7 Mar2005</pre>
User Guideline	After boot the system clock is set to the time of the image creation.

clock source

Syntax	clock source sntp no clock source sntp
Parameters	sntp —(Optional) Specifies that an SNTP server is the external clock source.
Default Configuration	There is no external clock source.
Command Mode	Global Configuration mode.
Usage	<p>To configure an external time source for the system clock, use the clock source command in Global Configuration mode.</p> <p>To disable the external time source, use the no form of this command.</p>
Example	The following example configures an SNTP server as an external time source for the system clock.

	<pre>switchxxxxx(config)#clocksourcesntp switchxxxxx(config)# exit switchxxxxx# show clock *10:46:48UTCMay282013 Time source is sntp</pre>
User Guideline	<p>After boot the system clock is set to the time of the image creation.</p> <p>If no parameter is specified, SNTP will be configured as the time source.</p>

clock summer-time

Syntax	<p>clock summer-time zone recurring {usa eu {week day month hh:mm week day month hh:mm}} [offset]</p> <p>clock summer-time zone date day month year hh:mm date month year hh:mm [offset]</p> <p>clock summer-time zone date month day year hh:mm month day year hh:mm [offset]</p> <p>no clock summer-time</p>
Parameters	<p>zone—The acronym of the time zone to be displayed when summer time is in effect. (Range: up to 4 characters)</p> <p>recurring—Indicates that summer time starts and ends on the corresponding specified days every year.</p> <p>date—Indicates that summer time starts on the first date listed in the command and ends on the second date in the command.</p> <p>usa—The summer time rules are the United States rules.</p> <p>eu—The summer time rules are the European Union rules.</p> <p>week—Week of the month. Can be 1–5, first to last.</p> <p>day—Day of the week (first three characters by name, such as Sun).</p> <p>date—Date of the month. (Range: 1–31)</p> <p>month—Month (first three characters by name, such as Feb).</p> <p>year—year (no abbreviation). (Range: 2000–2097)</p> <p>hh:mm—Time (military format) in hours and minutes. (Range: hh:mmhh: 0–23, mm: 0–59)</p> <p>offset—(Optional) Number of minutes to add during summer time (default is 60). (Range: 1440)</p>
Default Configuration	Summer time is disabled.
Command Mode	Global Configuration mode.
Usage	To configure the system to automatically switch to summer time (Daylight Saving Time), use the clock summer-time command in Global Configuration mode. To restore the default configuration, use the no form of this command.

Example	switchxxxxxx(config)# clock summer-time abc date apr 1 2010 09:00 aug 2 2010 09:00
User Guideline	<p>In both the date and recurring forms of the command, the first part of the command specifies when summer time begins, and the second part specifies when it ends. All times are relative to the local time zone. The start time is relative to standard time. The end time is relative to summer time. If the starting month is chronologically after the ending month, the system assumes that you are in the southern hemisphere.</p> <p>USA rules for Daylight Saving Time: From 2007: Start: Second Sunday in March End: First Sunday in November Time: 2 AM localtime Before 2007: Start: First Sunday in April Time: 2 AM local time</p> <p>EU rules for Daylight Saving Time: Start: Last Sunday in March End: Last Sunday in October Time: 1.00 am (01:00) Greenwich Mean Time (GMT)</p>

clock timezone

Syntax	clock timezone zone hours-offset [minutes-offset] no clock timezone
Parameters	<p>i zone—The acronym of the time zone. (Range: Up to 4 characters)</p> <p>hours-offset—Hours difference from UTC. (Range: (-12)-(+13))</p> <p>minutes-offset—(Optional) Minutes difference from UTC. (Range: 0-59)</p>
Default Configuration	<p>Coordinated Universal Time (UTC) or Greenwich Mean Time (GMT), which is the same: Offsets are 0. Acronym is empty.</p>
Command Mode	Global Configuration mode.
Usage	<p>Use the ip dhcp tftp-server ip address Global Configuration mode command to set the backup server's IP address. This address server as the default address used by a switch when it has not been received from the DHCP server.</p> <p>Use the no form of the command to return to default.</p>

Example	switchxxxxxx(config)# clock timezone abc +2 minutes32
User Guideline	The system internally keeps time in UTC, so this command is used only for display purposes and when the time is manually set.

sntp anycast client enable

Syntax	sntp anycast client enable [both ipv4 ipv6]
Parameters	<p>both—(Optional) Specifies the IPv4 and IPv6 SNTP Anycast clients are enabled. If the parameter is not defined it is the default value.</p> <p>ipv4—(Optional) Specifies the IPv4 SNTP Anycast clients are enabled.</p> <p>ipv6—(Optional) Specifies the IPv6 SNTP Anycast clients are enabled.</p>
Default Configuration	The SNTP anycast client is disabled.
Command Mode	Global Configuration mode.
Usage	<p>To enable the SNTP Any cast client, use the sntp anycast client enable command in Global Configuration mode.</p> <p>To restore the default configuration, use the no form of this command.</p>
Example	<p>The following example enables SNTP Anycast clients.</p> <pre>switchxxxxxx(config)# sntp anycast client enable</pre>
User Guideline	Use this command to enable the SNTP Anycast client.

snmp authenticate

Syntax	snmp authenticate no snmp authenticate
Parameters	N/A.
Default Configuration	Authentication is disabled.
Command Mode	Global Configuration mode.
Usage	To enable authentication for received SNMP traffic from servers, use the snmp authenticate command in Global Configuration mode. To restore the default configuration, use the no form of this command.
Example	The following example enables authentication for received SNMP traffic and sets the key and encryption key. <pre>switchxxxxx(config)# snmp authenticate switchxxxxx(config)# snmp authentication-key 8d5ClkKey switchxxxxx(config)# snmp trusted-key 8</pre>
User Guideline	-

snmp authentication-key

Syntax	snmp authentication-key key-number md5 key-value no snmp authentication-key key-number
Parameters	key-number —Specifies the key number. (Range: 1–4294967295) key-value —Specifies the key value. (Length: 1–8 characters)
Default Configuration	No authentication key is defined.
Command Mode	Global Configuration mode.
Usage	To define an authentication key for Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP), use the snmp authentication-key command in Global Configuration mode. To restore the default configuration, use the no form of this command.

Example	<pre>switchxxxxxx(config)#sntp authentication-key 8 md5 ClkKey switchxxxxxx(config)#sntp authentication-key 8 md5 ClkKey switchxxxxxx(config)# sntp trusted-key 8 switchxxxxxx(config)# sntp authenticate</pre>
User Guideline	-

sntp broadcast client enable

Syntax	sntp broadcast client enable [both ipv4 ipv6] no sntp broadcast client enable
Parameters	<p>both—(Optional) Specifies the IPv4 and IPv6 SNTP Broadcast clients are enabled. If the parameter is not defined it is the default value.</p> <p>ipv4—(Optional) Specifies the IPv4 SNTP Broadcast clients are enabled.</p> <p>ipv6—(Optional) Specifies the IPv6 SNTP Broadcast clients are enabled.</p>
Default Configuration	The SNTP Broadcast client is disabled.
Command Mode	Global Configuration mode.
Usage	<p>To enable SNTP Broadcast clients, use the sntp broadcast client enable command in Global Configuration mode.</p> <p>To restore the default configuration, use the no form of this command.</p>
Example	<p>The following example enables SNTP Broadcast clients.</p> <pre>switchxxxxxx(config)# sntp broadcast client enable</pre>
User Guideline	<p>Use the sntp broadcast client enable Interface Configuration mode command to enable the SNTP Broadcast client on a specific interface.</p> <p>After entering this command, you must enter the clock source command with the sntp keyword for the command to be run. If this command is not run, the switch will not synchronize with Broadcast servers.</p>

sntp client enable

Syntax	sntp client enable <i>interface-id</i> no sntp client enable <i>interface-id</i>
Parameters	interface-id —Specifies an interface ID, which can be one of the following types: Ethernet port, Port-channel or VLAN.
Default Configuration	The SNTP client is disabled.
Command Mode	Global Configuration mode.
Usage	To enable the SNTP Broadcast and Anycast client, use the sntp client enable command in Global Configuration mode. To restore the default configuration, use the no form of this command.
Example	The following example enables the SNTP Broadcast and Anycast clients on VLAN100: switchxxxxx(config)# sntp client enable vlan 100
User Guideline	Use the sntp client enable command to enable SNTP Broadcast and Anycast clients.

sntp client enable (interface)

Syntax	sntp client enable no sntp client enable
Parameters	N/A.
Default Configuration	The SNTP client is disabled.
Command Mode	Interface Configuration mode.
Usage	To enable the SNTP Broadcast and Anycast client on an interface, use the sntpcient enable command in Interface Configuration mode. To restore the default configuration, use the no form of this command.
Example	The following example enables the SNTP broadcast and anycast client on an interface.

	<pre>switchxxxxxx(config)# interface vlan 100 switchxxxxxx(config-if)#sntpclientenable switchxxxxxx(config-if)# exit</pre>
User Guideline	<p>This command enables the SNTP Broadcast and Anycast client on an interface.</p> <p>Use the no form of this command to disable the SNTP client.</p>

sntp server

Syntax	<pre>sntp server {<i>ip-address</i> <i>hostname</i>} [poll] [key <i>keyid</i>] no sntp server [<i>ip-address</i> <i>hostname</i>]</pre>
Parameters	<p>ip-address—Specifies the server IP address. This can be an IPv4, IPv6 or IPv6z address.</p> <p>hostname—Specifies the server hostname. Only translation to IPv4 addresses is supported. (Length: 1–158 characters. Maximum label length for each part of the hostname: 63 characters)</p> <p>poll—(Optional) Enables polling.</p> <p>key keyid—(Optional) Specifies the Authentication key to use when sending packets to this peer. (Range: 1–4294967295)</p>
Default Configuration	No servers are defined.
Command Mode	Global Configuration mode.
Usage	<p>To configure the device to use the SNTP to request and accept Network Time Protocol (NTP) traffic from a specified server (meaning to accept system time from an SNTP server), use the sntp server command in Global Configuration mode.</p> <p>To remove a server from the list of SNTP servers, use the no form of this command.</p>
Example	<p>The following example configures the device to accept SNTP traffic from the server on 192.1.1.1 with polling.</p> <pre>switchxxxxxx(config)# sntp server 192.1.1.1 poll</pre>
User Guideline	<p>Use the sntp server {<i>ip-address</i> <i>hostname</i>} [poll] [key <i>keyid</i>] command to define a SNTP server. The switch supports up to 8 SNTP servers.</p> <p>Use the no sntp server <i>ip-address</i> <i>hostname</i> command to remove one SNTP server.</p> <p>Use the no sntp server to remove all SNTP servers.</p>

sntp source-interface

Syntax	sntp source-interface <i>interface-id</i> no sntp source-interface
Parameters	interface-id —Specifies the source interface.
Default Configuration	The source IPv4 address is the IPv4 address defined on the outgoing interface and belonging to next hop IPv4 subnet.
Command Mode	Global Configuration mode.
Usage	To specify the source interface whose IPv4 address will be used as the source IPv4 address for communication with IPv4 SNTP servers, use the sntp source-interface command in Global Configuration mode. To restore the default configuration, use the no form of this command.
Example	The following example configures the VLAN 10 as the source interface. switchxxxxxx(config)# sntp source-interface vlan 10
User Guideline	If the source interface is the outgoing interface, the interface IP address belonging to next hop IPv4 subnet is applied. If the source interface is not the outgoing interface, the minimal IPv4 address defined on the interface is applied. If there is no available IPv4 source address, a SYSLOG message is issued when attempting to communicate with an IPv4 SNTP server. OOB cannot be defined as a source interface.

sntp source-interface-ipv6

Syntax	sntp source-interface-ipv6 <i>interface-id</i> no sntp source-interface-ipv6
Parameters	interface-id —Specifies the source interface.
Default Configuration	The IPv6 source address is the IPv6 address defined of the outgoing interface and selected in accordance with RFC6724.
Command Mode	Global Configuration mode.

Usage	<p>To specify the source interface whose IPv6 address will be used as the Source IPv6 address for communication with IPv6 SNTP servers, use the sntp source-interface-ipv6 command in Global Configuration mode.</p> <p>To restore the default configuration, use the no form of this command.</p>
Example	<p>The following example configures the VLAN 10 as the source interface.</p> <pre>switchxxxxx(config)# sntp source-interface-ipv6 vlan 10</pre>
User Guideline	<p>The outgoing interface is selected based on the SNTP server's IP address. If the source interface is the outgoing interface, the IPv6 address defined on the interfaces and selected in accordance with RFC 6724.</p> <p>If the source interface is not the outgoing interface, the minimal IPv4 address defined on the interface and with the scope of the destination IPv6 address is applied.</p> <p>If there is no available IPv6 source address, a SYSLOG message is issued when attempting to communicate with an IPv6 SNTP server.</p>

sntp trusted-key

Syntax	sntp trusted-key <i>key-number</i> no sntp trusted-key <i>key-number</i>
Parameters	key-number —Specifies the key number of the authentication key to be trusted. (Range: 1-4294967295).
Default Configuration	No keys are trusted.
Command Mode	Global Configuration mode.
Usage	<p>To define the trusted key, use the sntp trusted-key command in Global Configuration mode.</p> <p>To restore the default configuration, use the no form of this command.</p>
Example	<p>The following example authenticates key 8.</p> <pre>switchxxxxx(config)# sntp trusted-key 8 switchxxxxx(config)#sntpauthentication-key8md5ClkKey switchxxxxx(config)# sntp trusted-key 8 switchxxxxx(config)# sntpauthenticate</pre>

User Guideline	The trusted key is used for authentication of all servers not having personal keys assigned by the sntp server command.
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sntp unicast client enable

Syntax	sntp unicast client enable no sntp unicast client enable
Parameters	N/A.
Default Configuration	The SNTP unicast clients are disabled.
Command Mode	Global Configuration mode.
Usage	To enable the device to use Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) Unicast clients, use the sntp unicast client enable command in Global Configuration mode. To disable the SNTP Unicast clients, use the no form of this command.
Example	The following example enables the device to use SNTP Unicast clients. switchxxxxx(config)# sntp unicast client enable
User Guideline	Use the sntp server Global Configuration mode command to define SNTP servers.

sntp unicast client poll

Syntax	sntp unicast client poll no sntp unicast client poll
Parameters	N/A.
Default Configuration	Polling is disabled.
Command Mode	Global Configuration mode.
Usage	To enable polling for the SNTP Unicast clients, use the sntp unicast client poll command in Global Configuration mode. To disable the polling, use the no form of this command.

Example	The following example enables polling for SNTP unicast clients. switchxxxxx(config)# sntp unicast client poll
User Guideline	The polling interval is 1024 seconds.

show clock

Syntax	show clock [detail]
Parameters	detail —(Optional) Displays the time zone and summer time configuration.
Default Configuration	Polling is disabled.
Command Mode	User EXEC mode.
Usage	To display the time and date from the system clock, use the show clock command in User EXEC mode.
Example	<p>Example 1 - The following example displays the system time and date.</p> <pre>switchxxxxx# show clock 15:29:03 PDT(UTC-7) Jun 17 2002 Time source is SNTP</pre> <p>Example 2 - The following example displays the system time and date along with the time zone and summer time configuration.</p> <pre>switchxxxxx# show clock detail 15:22:55 SUN Apr 23 2012 Time source is sntp Timezone(DHCPv4onVLAN1):Acronym is RAIN Offset is UTC+2 Timezone (Static):Offset is UTC+0 Summertime(DHCPv4onVLAN1):Acronym is SUN Recurring everyyear. BeginsatfirstSundayofAprat02:00.Endsatfirst TuesdayofSepat02:00. Offset is 60minutes. Summertime (Static):Acronym is GMT Recurring everyyear. BeginsatfirstSundayofMarat10:00.Endsatfirst SundayofSepat10:00. Offset is 60 minutes. DHCPtimezone:Enabled</pre>
User Guideline	Before the time, there is displayed either a star (*), period (.), or blank: star (*)—The clock is invalid. period (.)—The clock was set manually. blank—The clock was set by SNTP.

show sntp configuration

Syntax	show sntp configuration
Parameters	N/A.
Default Configuration	N/A.
Command Mode	Privileged EXEC mode.
Usage	To display theSNTP configuration on the device, use the showsntp configuration command in Privileged EXEC mode.
Example	<p>The following example displays the device's current SNTP configuration.</p> <pre>switchxxxxx# show sntp configuration</pre> <p>SNTP port : 123</p> <p>Pollinginterval:1024secondsMD5</p> <p>-----</p> <p>Authentication Keys</p> <pre>2 John123 3 Alice456</pre> <p>-----</p> <p>Authenticationisnotrequiredforsynchronization. No trusted keys Unicast Clients: enabled UnicastClients Polling:enabledServer: 1.1.1.121 Polling: disabled Encryption Key:disabled Server: 3001:1:1::1 Polling: enabled Encryption Key:disabled Server: dns_server1.comapany.comPolling: enabled Encryption Key: disabled Server:dns_server2.comapany.com Polling: enabled Encryption Key:disabled BroadcastClients:enabledforIPv4andIPv6Anycast Clients:disabled No Broadcast Interfaces Source IPv4 interface: vlan 1 Source IPv6 interface: vlan 10</p>
User Guideline	-

show sntp status

Syntax	show sntp status
Parameters	N/A.
Default Configuration	N/A.
Command Mode	Privileged EXEC mode.
Usage	To display the SNTP servers status, use the show sntp status command in Privileged EXEC mode.
Example	<p>The following example displays the SNTP servers status:</p> <pre> Clock is synchronized, stratum 4, reference is 176.1.1.8, unicast Reference time is afe2525e.70597b34 (00:10:22.438 PDT Jul 5 1993) Unicast servers: Server: 176.1.1.8 Source: DHCPv4 on VLAN 1Status: Up Last response: 19:58:22.289 PDT Feb 192005 Stratum Level: 1 Offset: 7.33mSec Delay:117.79mSec Server: dns_server.comapany.com Source: static Status:Unknown Last response: 12:17.17.987 PDT Feb 192005 Stratum Level: 1 Offset: 8.98mSec Delay:189.19mSec Server: 3001:1:1::1 Source: DHCPv6 on VLAN 2Status: Unknown Last response: Offset:mSec Delay: mSec Server: dns1.company.com Source: DHCPv6 on VLAN 20 Status: Unknown Last response: Offset: mSec Delay: mSec Anycast servers: Server: 176.1.1.8 Interface: VLAN 112 Status: Up Last response: 9:53:21.789 PDT Feb 192005Stratum Level:10 Offset: 9.98mSec Delay: 289.19mSec Broadcast servers: Server: 3001:1::12 </pre>

	Interface: VLAN101 Last response: 9:53:21.789 PDT Feb 192005 Stratum Level: 255
User Guideline	-